

MINATO MIRAI 21



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MINATO MIRAI 21

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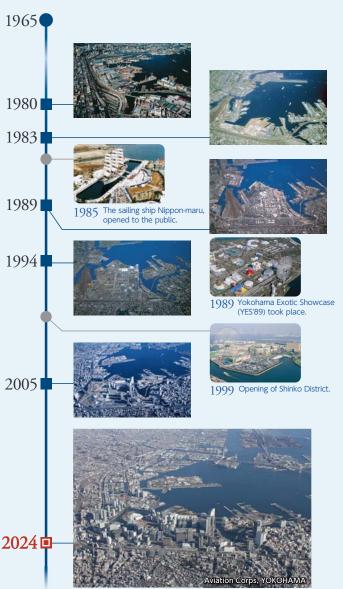
| Yokohama: Leading Japan into the Future |

Since the opening of its port in 1859, Yokohama has been prosperous as a place of exchange for people, cultures and goods from around the world while cultivating an open, enterprising spirit. It is also where modernization of Japan originated and has been developing as a city that is open to the world. Even today, Yokohama is growing as an international city with a population of 3.77 million people. Yokohama has a highly developed urban environment required for business, including one of the largest international trading ports in Japan, a high degree of accessibility from various parts of the Tokyo metropolitan area such as the re-expanded, internationalized Haneda Airport, green living environment, competent human resources and the extensive market of the Tokyo metropolitan area. Not only a perfect base for business, Yokohama is a vibrant, entertaining city that is extremely popular with both domestic and overseas tourists, and a favored site for conventions. In this publication we focus on Minato Mirai 21, a remarkable initiative.

Especially, Minato Mirai 21 district is now firmly established as an outstanding business environment that also offers fascinating glimpses of history and stunning waterfront scenery. Minato Mirai 21 is already one of the strongest people magnets in Japan, and yet it is still a work in progress. Future plans include a greater focus on business and commercial entities, accompanied by innovative creation facilitated by human exchanges. Our aim is to shape an environment in which an urban culture is nurtured by making full use of the port's historical assets and the area's cultural and musical facilities.

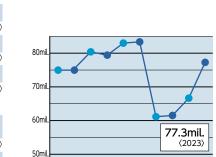
Yokohama Today —		
Area	438.01km ²	[January 1, 2024]
Population	3,769,220	[January 1, 2024]
Households	1,800,100	[January 1, 2024]
Gross municipal product	14.632 trillion yen	[FY2020]
Per capita income	3,316,000 yen	[FY2020]
Value of trade through Yokohama Port	14.9767 trillion yen	[2022]
Private business establishments	142,457	[2021]
Private-sector employees	1,527,783	[2021]
Universities and colleges	16	[December 20, 2023]
Junior colleges	2	[December 20, 2023]

Development of a charming and relaxing urban environment $-$	P10
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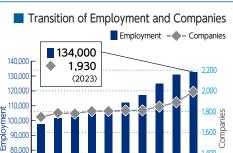


The Minato Mirai 21 Project Today

Effects of the	Minato	Mirai 21	Project
Companies			1,930
			〈2023〉
International cor	ference	s held	34
Source: Japan National	Tourism O	rganization	〈2022〉
Municipal tax rev	enues	¥21,0	billion
		<	Fiscal 2022>
Economic ripple e	effects tov	vard Yokol	nama City
Effects of investment in construction	^t ¥3.4	968 tril	lion(total)
		<pre><fiscal< pre=""></fiscal<></pre>	1983-2020〉
Effects of city operation	¥2.08	846 trilli	ion(annual)
			(2020)



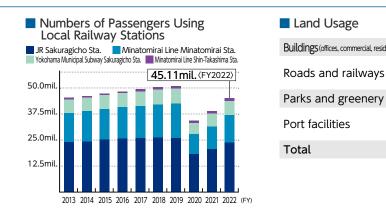
Transition of Visitors (Unit: Person)



The introduction of wide expanses of parkland and green space. such as Rinko Park and Nippon-maru Memorial Park, is creating a waterfront environment where people can relax and enjoy themselves. The port also houses a variety of international conference facilities and central port administration services.

3. A Decentralized Capital Region

The Minato Mirai 21 project is designed to facilitate decentralization of the official, commercial and international conference functions formerly concentrated in Tokyo and to promote more balanced metropolitan development.



Project objectives and ideal city image

Project Concept

"The Minato Mirai 21 Project" is a project to create a new city center along the waterfront of Yokohama. When the project was first proposed in 1965, during the period of rapid economic growth, Yokohama was experiencing growing pains from rapid residential development and population growth as a suburb of the expanding capital city of Tokyo. The downtown area of Yokohama was largely destroyed during WWII, and its subsequent requisitioning by the occupying American forces precluded the chance for any systematic rebuilding. As a result, trading companies and other businesses moved their operations to Tokyo. At the same time, the area around Yokohama Station began to flourish as a connection point for rail lines leading to suburban areas, creating a vigorously developing area separate from the old downtown districts of Kannai / Isezakicho. Yokohama thus failed to join in on the post-war recovery boom and had little choice but to become a commuter center for Tokyo. With a view to breaking this trend and creating a unique

and independent city, the City of Yokohama proposed six major interlocking, strategic projects in 1965.

- ① Yokohama City Center Redevelopment Project 2 Kohoku New Town Construction Project ③ Kanazawa Frontage Reclamation Project
- ④ Rapid Transit Railway (Subway) Construction Project
- (5) Express highway Network Construction Project
- ⁽⁶⁾ Yokohama Bay Bridge Construction Project

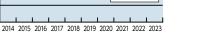
"The Minato Mirai 21 Project" is a core project of Yokohama City Center Redevelopment project.

Primary Objectives

1. A More Independent Yokohama

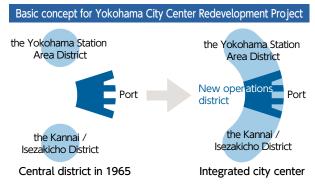
Prior to the Minato Mirai 21 project, Yokohama's city center was divided into two areas: the Kannai / Isezakicho District and the Yokohama Station Area District. Minato Mirai 21 District consolidates and integrates the two areas and concentrates the various functions of offices, cultural facilities and commercial establishments in these areas. This creates jobs and bustling recreational areas for citizens, invigorates the local economy and establishes an economic infrastructure that enhances Yokohama's self-sufficiency.

2. A Transformed Role for the Port



Yokohama City Center Redevelopment Project

The Yokohama City Center Redevelopment project aims to realize the integration and redevelopment of the Kannai / Isezakicho District, which was the original city center after the opening of the Yokohama Port, and the districts around Yokohama Station, where urbanization advanced rapidly during and after the era of rapid economic growth. Sandwiched between these two urban centers, the waterfront area was home to thriving piers and shipyards during the period of rapid economic growth, however, now that these functions have either become obsolete or been relocated, it is intended to consolidate business and other urban functions into the abandoned sites and integrate and strengthen the two city centers.



Urban Vision

1. A Round-the-Clock Cosmopolitan Cultural City

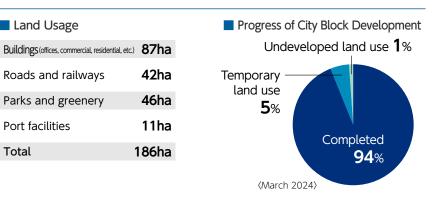
PACIFICO Yokohama (Pacific Convention Plaza Yokohama) integrates office, cultural and commercial facilities in proximity to urban housing, enabling the area's extensive convention facilities to serve as a center for cross-cultural exchange. A lively, appealing, cosmopolitan city in tune with trends from across the globe is emerging.

2. A 21st Century Information City

Minato Mirai 21 is an information city, buzzing with a constant stream of economic and cultural information. It is attracting a cluster of high-tech, knowledge-intensive, global enterprises' executive HQ and R&D operations, as well as divisions of many government agencies.

3. An Inviting City Offering Ample Waterfront, Green Space and Heritage

Harmony between people and nature is emphasized, highlighting the waterfront's charm and treasuring green spaces. Preserving the Aka-Renga Soko (red brick warehouses) and stone docks evoking Yokohama's historical heritage, Minato Mirai 21 forms a spacious city environment framed by the sea and attractive greenery, and steeped in historical ambience.



Initiatives for Infrastructure Development

Land Reclamation

The land reclamation work started in December 1983, and was largely completed by March 1998 with the successful reclamation of the Shinko area.

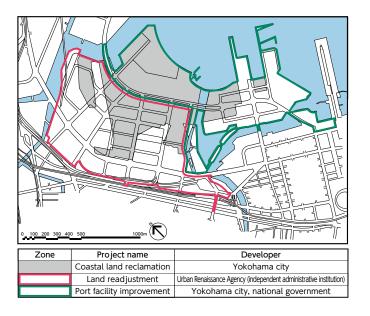
Status Central District: The Central District (59.9ha) was completed in April 1992 except for a limited area. The Takashima District (5.5ha) was completed in November 1996

> Shinko District: The Ichimonji District (7.3ha) was completed in April 1995. Area between two jetties (1.2ha) was completed in March 1939.

Area 73.9ha Developer Yokohama city

Infrastructure development and city planning

3



Land Readjustment

A land readjustment program was the basis for developing the Minato Mirai 21 Central District. Re-plotting was implemented in June 2006, and the readjustment program was completed by March 2011.

Status Work has been completed on Sakuragicho Station Square, Minato Mirai odori, Routes 1 - 6 and other roads, Grand Mall Park and other park facilities

Schedule November 1983 to March 2011 (five-year liquidation period included). Area 101.8ha

- Developer Urban Renaissance Agency (independent administrative institution)
- History Nov. 1983 Construction Minister authorizes land readjustment for 35.1ha. July 1987 Modification of land readjustment plan authorized (expanded to 63.4ha).
 - Jan. 1989 Modification of land readjustment plan (expanded to 74.3ha)
 - Mar. 1992 Former Takashima Yard District (21,9ha) authorized incorporated into the area.
 - Feb. 1995 Modification of land readjustment plan authorized (extended to 2003, including 5-year liquidation period).
 - Mar. 1999 Modification of land readiustment plan authorized (extended to 2010, including 5-year liquidation period; expanded to 101.6ha).
 - Sep. 2003 Modification of land readjustment plan authorized (expanded to101.8ha).
 - Dec 2005 Modification of land readiustment plan authorized
 - June 2006 Land readjustment replotting announced.
 - Mar. 2011 Land readjustment completed.

Port Facility Improvement

Port facility improvement efforts, including new green spaces, roads and other port-related facilities, are mostly complete.

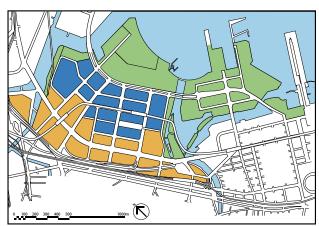
Status The development of Rinko Park, domestic berths and other facilities has been completed except in a few areas. Start of work 1983

Area 77.9ha

Developers Yokohama city, Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism

Urban Planning (Zoning)

The objective of Minato Mirai 21 is to create a busy, attractive area that also offers employment to local citizens. Under the City Planning Law, the entire area is designated a commercial area.



Commercial zone: Building coverage of 80%; Capacity ratio of 800% Commercial zone: Building coverage of 80%: Capacity ratio of 600% Commercial zone: Building coverage of 80%; Capacity ratio of 400%





To provide a firm legal status for the self-administered rules and regulations specified in the Basic Agreement on Town Development, the district plan stipulated in the Minato Mirai 21 Central District Plan was officially established in October 1989. It provides detailed guidelines for building construction, parks and other facilities, to ensure they match the distinctive character of the district.

Shinko District Plan

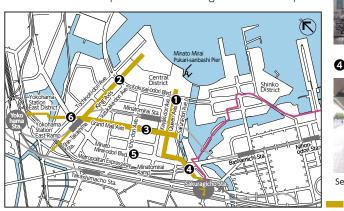


Arterial Roads ~A network of roads linking the district to outer areas \sim

Two major arterial roads support the urban functions of Minato Mirai 21. Minato Mirai-odori Boulevard connects the district to Kanagawa Route 1 Yokohane Line. Kokusai-odori Boulevard is a split level (above and below ground) bayside road connecting the Shinko District and Yamanouchi District. Thoroughfares connecting these two major arterial roads are named for the different species of trees planted along each.

User-Friendly Pedestrian Network

Minato Mirai 21 district contains diverse pedestrian spaces built around three main axes: the Queen Axis, which extends from Sakuragicho Station towards the seafront; the King Axis, which extends from Yokohama Station towards the seafront; and the Grand Mall Axis, which connects these two axes in the central area. In addition, pedestrian and vehicle traffic lines are separated using pedestrian decks, resulting in a pedestrian network that is both pleasant and offers good accessibility.



Diverse Traffic Modes for Enhancing Movement

Water Traffic

Exploiting the district's waterfront location, marine access is secured in addition to land transportation. Waterbus and other services

are operated out of Shinkofutosanbashi Pier and other piers.



Shinkofutosanbashi Pier

Minato Mirai Pukari-sanbashi Pier Complete November 1991

Size Piers: Two floating piers (with 4 berths), 70m and 50m long Terminal: A two-story steel-frame building with floor space of 500m, this floating structure rises and falls about 2m twice daily with the tides

Pier Aka-Renga Pier Zou-No-Hana Complete March 2004 Complete June 2009 Size Pier: 50m x 8m Terminal: 13m x 4m

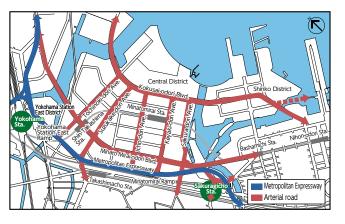
Size Pier: 25m x 4.5m

Shinkofutosanbashi Pier Complete September 2020

Size Pier: 18m x 3.5m

Operation start: April 2021 Facility overview: Total length 630m, max capacity per cabin

Buses



Queen Axis





Main pedestrian network — Kaiko Promenade

King Axis



Moving Walkway
 Minato Mirai-odori
 2go Footbridge



Grand Mall Axis



Minatomirai-hodokyo Footbridge



Service started March 1989 Service started January 2023 Service started March 2010

Urban - Type Circular Ropeway

A ropeway linking Sakuragicho Station with Shinko Pier. This exciting alternative means of transportation allows people to get around easily while also enjoying views of Minato Mirai from 40m up in the air.

8 people All cabins have wheelchair accessibility



YOKOHAMA AIR CABIN

The Minato Mirai 21 District is connected directly to both Haneda Airport and Narita Airport by shuttle buses. Multiple local bus lines are in operation within the district, in addition to the Akai Kutsu buses that travel around nearby tourist spots, and the Bayside Blue articulated bus that links major waterfront facilities located between the east exit of Yokohama Station and the Yamashita Pier.



BAYSIDE BLUE

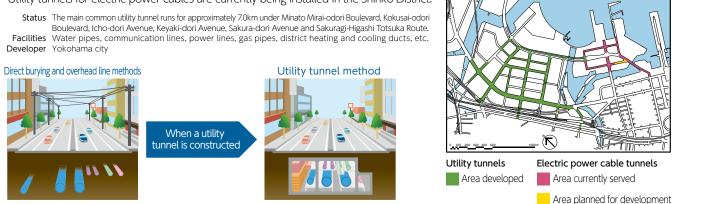
Ground Improvement and Liquefaction Prevention

In reclaiming land and preparing ground for urban infrastructure comprising roads and residential districts in the central area of Minato Mirai 21, various ground improvement measures are implemented in consideration of earthquakes, ground subsidence and the like. Sediment of varying particle sizes offering greater resistance to liquefaction is used for reclamation work, while the ground improvement measures indicated below are also adopted:

- Sand Drain Method for Improving Ground in Residential Areas This method entails creating columns of sand at uniform intervals in soft ground so that the water contained in the ground (which causes ground subsidence) can be quickly drained away in order to reduce the risk of land subsidence.
- Cement Deep Mixing Method for Improving Ground under Roads This method entails strengthening ground by mixing cement and other reinforcing materials into soft ground.

Utility Tunnels

Utility tunnels in the ground under the main traffic arteries are used to facilitate Minato Mirai 21's vital shared urban utility services. Situating these facilities under the roads effectively utilizes underground space, improves disaster-resistance and enhances the appearance of the city. These facilities were progressively installed from 1983 in the Central District as part of the Minato Mirai 21 development, and completed in 2004. Utility tunnels for electric power cables are currently being installed in the Shinko District.



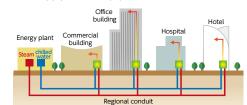
District Heating & Cooling System

Minato Mirai 21 district has adopted a districtwide cooling and heating system that centralizes the production, supply, and control of cold and hot heat sources for air-conditioning in buildings, thereby improving energy efficiency and realizing a safe urban life that is resistant to urban disasters. As the largest district cooling and heating system in Japan, multiple plants are connected by regional conduits installed in utility tunnels, and higher level energy utilization is advanced through improving environmental performance based on the prioritized operation of state-of-the-art equipment, enhancing supply reliability based on mutual backup between plants, and so on. As urban development progresses, new plants are being constructed within the Central District 52 Block Development Project plan in response to future stable supply needs, equipment renewal, etc.

Status	The central plant and second plant are operating.
Start of heating service	April 1989
Area served	105ha *

6 floors above ground, 1 basement Floor space: 11.000m Cooling capacity: 21,598RT Boiler capacity: 165.5t/h * Developer Minato Mirai 21 District Heating and Cooling Co., Ltd.

Second Plant (Block 24) Basement floors 4-5 Floor space: 10.000m Cooling capacity: 46.600RT Boiler capacity: 148.0t/h * *As of end of March, 2024



High Tide and Tsunami Countermeasures

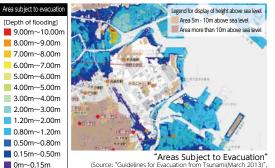
The following measures to address high tides and tsunami in rivers and Yokohama Port have been incorporated into Minato Mirai 21 district.

(Central District) • Revetment height: 2.7m~3.1m above sea level Height of residential land: 3.1m~5.0m above sea level

Furthermore, considering the forecast level of inundation in the event of the largest predicted tsunami, numerous signs showing height above sea level have been erected, and tsunami evacuation information boards and a tsunami warning communication system have been established to facilitate prompt evacuation.

*For details of the regions predicted to be flooded by potential tsunami activity, please see the "Guidelines for Evacuation from Tsunami" on the Yokohama City homepage Concerning Tsunami Evacuation Measures

* lananese text only



Yokohama Maritime Disaster Prevention Base 1

This facility responds to marine disasters in Tokyo Bay and throughout the Kantoregion. It also serves as a base for rescue work and other emergency activities after a marine disaster.





Earthquake-Resistant Quays **2**

Earthquake-resistant quays are facilities that can receive ships carrying goods for everyday life or passenger ships at normal times. During times of emergency, such as after an earthquake, they can also act as transportation for emergency supplies.

Facility Name	Minato Mirai Earthquake-Resistant Quay 1	Facility Nan
	/ Earthquake-Resistant Quay 2	Stat
Status	The area behind it can be used as a temporary heliport.	
Start of work	FY 1985	Start of wo
Water depth	-7.5m	Water dep
Quay length	260m	Quay leng
Developers	Yokohama city,	Develope
	Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism	

Emergency Underground Water Tanks ©

Underground drinking water storage tanks, in which inflow and outflow valves close when the water pressure goes down, are connected to the public water supply system via regular water service pipes.

Minato Mirai 21 district has four large-sized water tanks capable of supplying drinking water to 500,000 people for three days in the event of a disaster.

L	ocations	Yoyo Plaza	: 1,000㎡ tank (completed 1993)
		Rinko Park	: 700m tank (completed 1994)
		CUPNOODLES MUSEUM PARK	K : 1,300m tank (completed 2000)
		Takashima-Chuo Park	: 1,500m tank (completed 2005)
	Storage	4,500m (total area)	
D		AVEL 1. SHE SHE HER SHE SHE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Developers Yokohama city, Urban Renaissance Agency (independent administrative institution)

Signs showing height above sea level (all over the area)

Tsunami Evacuation Information Boards 4

Tsunami evacuation information

boards have been installed to

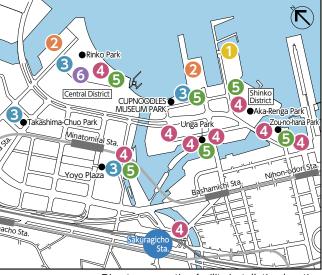
inform people about where they

Displaying height above sea level throughout the area serves to make people conscious of height in relation to sea level and enhance their awareness regarding evacuation and disaster prevention in the event of disaster









Disaster prevention facility installation location

me Shinko Wharf Quay 9 tus Shares the Shinko Pie Cruise Terminal. ork 2014 pth -9.5m gth 260m Yokohama city bers



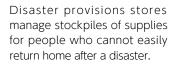


State at the time of installation

Tsunami Warning Communication System 5

In the event where tsunami is expected to occur, this is a system of using loudspeakers to urge people to evacuate as quickly as possible.

Disaster Provisions Stores 6





Creation of bustling and lively urban spaces / Central District

21 3422361121 85555848

Basic Agreement on Town Development

In 1988, the Basic Agreement on Town Development under Minato Mirai 21 was signed between Central District landowners and other parties. The aim was for landowners to take the initiative in formulating rules for urban development, and then to share this basic philosophy in order to achieve balanced development. The agreement covers themes for urban development, vision for land use, and the following matters:

- Water and greenery
- Skyline, street scenery and vista
- Common space (active placement of public art, etc.)
- Activity floor
- Tone, and advertising structures
- Car and bicycle parking areas

With regard to buildings, it sets standards for minimum site scale, height, pedestrian networks and setback of exterior walls.

In addition, it stipulates the urban management systems needed for advanced information services, disaster prevention, environmental support, and for smooth integration with adjoining urban districts.

Skyline

The Central District of Minato Mirai 21 features a highly attractive urban skyline. In line with the urban framework, super-high-rise buildings are arranged in such a way that they form landmarks, and as an overall trend, the buildings gradually become lower moving from inland towards the waterfront. Moreover, scenic views looking towards the ocean are arranged from the main



vista points and buildings are constructed in such a manner that one can sense the presence of the ocean and port from even inland parts of the city.

Common Space

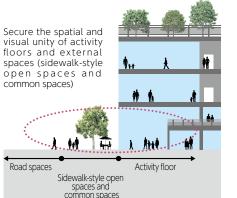
Common spaces are provided in all parts in order to create a bustling and abundant urban area. These common spaces are the intermediate areas that connect public spaces and buildings and are freely accessible to people. Such spaces are created in various ways in each facility by means of walk-through corridors, inner courtyards, open ceiling spaces and so on. Moreover, over 80 pieces of public art have been established in the area. These artworks help to create diversely expressive, friendly, and original spaces and nurture a richer culture.



MM Grand Central Tower

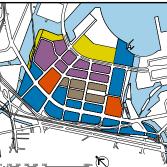


MM Park Building Minatomirai Center Building





Building Height Limits



Maximum height: 300m Maximum height: 100m Maximum height: 180m Maximum height: 60m Maximum height: 120m

Activity floor

In order to enhance local vitality in the area, all buildings have activity floors on lower levels. Occupied by shops, showrooms, service facilities and other spaces that people are free to use, these activity floors serve to create a human-scale townscape while maintaining the continuity of the local vibrant atmosphere.

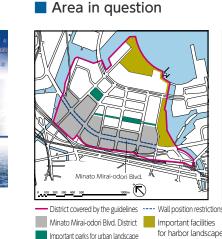
Pedestrian Network

Attractive pedestrian ways connecting each block have been established to create a network of pedestrian spaces in the city center. The network is built around three main axes: the Queen Axis, which extends from Sakuragicho Station towards the international conference center; the King Axis, which is a verdant open mall designed with consideration given to the ocean view; and the Grand Mall Axis, a wide and verdant open mall that intersects and connects these two routes. Moreover, to generate greater urban activity, numerous attractive facilities are established on an activities floor in parts adjacent to the pedestrian network.

Guidelines for the Urban Landscape of the Central District

The aim is to improve the urban landscape in accordance with rules outlined in the Landscape Plan under the Landscape Act and the Urban Landscape Conference Zone in the Ordinance Governing the Creation of an Attractive Urban Landscape in Yokohama City. The basic topic headings are:

- Activity floor
- Pedestrian spaces
- Common space
- Parking areas
- Bicycle parkings
- Associated facilities, etc.
- Color
- Night-time lights
- Architectural design
- Skyline
- Roadside landscape
- Outdoor advertising
- Promoting activity



Yokohama Station East District

Transport Hub

Yokohama Station East block was developed as a transport hub directly connected to Yokohama Station, which is a key terminal station in the metropolitan region. Bus terminal functions are concentrated in Yokohama Sky Building, while Yokohama City Air Terminal (YCAT) connects Yokohama to Haneda Airport, Narita Airport, and numerous other locations in Japan. This district is also a terminal for local bus services.





MINATO MIRAI

21

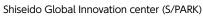


Business zone International zone

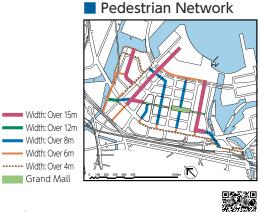
Land Use Vision

- *Along Grand Mall,20m or lower within 10m of building line



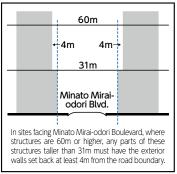






Rules for Minato Mirai-odori Blvd. District

*Japanese text or



----- Road boundaries



Excite Yokohama22





The area around Yokohama Station, including Yokohama Station East blocks, is undergoing "urban development befitting the gateway of an international city" based on Excite Yokohama 22, which was compiled in 2009 as a plan for further advancing internationalization and environmental initiatives and making the station area more attractive and resilient in the event of a disaster and so on.

Redevelopment that Respects History and Scenery

The Shinko District connects Minato Mirai 21's Central District with the Kannai-Yamashita District, whose history stretches back to the earliest days of Yokohama's port. The Shinko District was first developed in the early 20th century to house Japan's first modern port. Landmark structures like the Aka-Renga Soko (red brick warehouses) and stone pavements still attest to this legacy. While carefully preserving its historical monuments and port scenery, the Shinko District is being upgraded with facilities to support its port-related businesses and open spaces to make the most of the tranquil waterfront setting.

* lananese text only

AG2A6い?(新港地区 街並み景観ガイドライン

Shinko Area Vision

The Shinko District has many distinctive features, from its numerous preserved historical landmarks to its island geography. Therefore, in contrast with the intensive land use and futuristic concept seen in the Central District, the Shinko District is pursuing a more relaxed streetscape that evokes the port and its history with the following themes:



1. Realizing a "Fun" City

We will proceed with the creation of a city overflowing with activity and fun, including operation of the port related facilities that support our 21st century port, facilities that contribute to the promotion of trade and international exchange, and green spaces that take advantage of our history and quiet inland waters to link our citizens and the port together.

2. Realizing a "Kind" City

We will proceed with the creation of a city that is kind to all who live there, including the creation of wide walkways with few height differences so that people may stroll at their leisure and in comfort, a promenade that runs around the waterfront, and the placement of easy to understand information signage.

3. Realizing a "Beautiful" City

We will create a beautiful city space, overflowing with an appeal that takes both history and the scenery into account in order to depict the perfect port-town vistas.

Guidelines for the Urban Landscape of the Shinko District

In order to create an attractive cityscape, a set of guidelines has been established based on the Landscape Plan under the Landscape Act and the Urban Landscape Conference Zone in the Ordinance Governing the Creation of an Attractive Urban Landscape in Yokohama City.

1. Cityscape

1Design streets and buildings to evoke a sense of continuity, open to the sea. 2Create a pleasant, open waterfront and shoreline.

2. History

OPreserve sightlines of the area's historic symbol, the Yokohama Red Brick Warehouses.

4 Limit building height and ensure design consistency to respect the historical nature of the area.

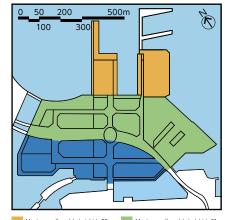
3. Island

- **5**Create a sequential scenery, making use of the area's historical and port-like qualities.
- 6 Create an enjoyable urban environment that encourages strolling.
- Design in consideration of the views of the area from surrounding higher areas.



Quays Open space Roads Building sites

Building Height Limits under District Plan



Maximum allowable height is 20m Maximum allowable height is 31m Maximum allowable height is 31m Note: part of building may be as high as 45m

Green Space Network

Minato Mirai 21 makes use of its waterfront location with numerous green spaces linked by promenades to showcase the special features of the waterside environment. Including Grand Mall Park at the heart of the Central District, a green network covering the whole of Minato Mirai 21 is taking shape. Efforts are also made to create greenery that reminds people of the four seasons and nature throughout the entire area based on a program of high-level greening in and around roads and other public spaces and facilities.

Parks and open spaces (including plar

Parks / Green Areas	
 2 Aka-Renga Park 1) 1989 2) April 2002 3) 5.7ha 4) The preserved platform of the former Yokohama Minato Station, ruins of the old Yokohama Customs Office, lawn space, parking lot, etc. 5) Yokohama city 	 3 Zou-no-hana Park 1) 2006 2) June 2009 3) 3.3ha 4) Rest houses (Zou-No-Hana Terrace), lawn space, terraced embankments, breakwaters, etc. 5) Yokohama city
5 Hammerhead Park 1 > 2018 2 > August 2020 3 > 0.27ha 4 > Open space, deck, Hammerhead Crane, etc. 5 > Yokohama city	8 Shinko Central Park 1 > 2001 2 > June 2005 3 > 1.1ha 4 > Open space, etc. 5 > Yokohama city
 CUPNOODLES MUSEUM PARK 1998 April 2001 2.1ha Lawn space, terraced embankments, Glamping facility, emergency underground water tanks, etc. Yokohama city 	Kishamichi Promenade / Unga ParkKishamichi Promenade1) 1995 2) July 1997 3) 1.0ha (length: 500m)4> Garden path along former railway bed, truss bridge, etc.5> Yokohama cityUnga Park 1> 1998 2> September 1999 3> 1.0ha 4> Lawn space, water square, promenade, etc. 5> Yokohama city
 Grand Mall Park 1) 1987 2) November 1999 3) 2.3ha (Total length: 700m, width: 25m standard, 55m maximum) 4) Facilities Circular Square, Yoyo Plaza, Art square, Cross Patio, Emergency Underground water tanks, etc. 	 51 Takashima-Chuo Park 1) March 2006 2) July 2007 3) 1.4ha 4) Lawn space, event space, playground, mist fountain, emergency underground water tanks, etc. 5) Urban Renaissance Agency

5 Yokohama city, Urban Renaissance Agency (independent administrative institution)

(independent administrative

Green Rooftops, Walls and Public spaces

Promotion of greening of private land is also ongoing within the area, with proactive greening of rooftops, walls and public spaces continuing apace. These measures can not only be expected to alleviate the heat island effect, cool the environment inside rooms, reduce energy consumption, and protect buildings and structures, but also bring a smoothing emotional effect to pedestrians.



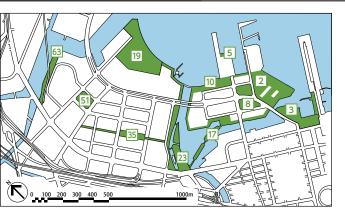
Historical Heritage

In addition to passing on valuable historical heritage to future generations, local historical assets are utilized to build attractive landscapes and create a walkable urban area.

- Sail Training Ship Nippon-maru and Nippon-maru display dock (Former First Dock of Yokohama Dock Co., Ltd.)
- Aka-Renga Soko [Red Brick Warehouses]
- Dockyard Garden [Former Second Dock of Yokohama Dock Co., Ltd.]
- Kishamichi Promenade [former coastal line dead track embankment and three truss bridges (including the former Ookagawa Bridge)]
- Ruins of the Old Yokohama Customs Office, rail track, and turntable

Creation of bustling and lively urban spaces

Development of a charming and relaxing urban environment







Rinko Park

19 Rinko Park

- 1 > 1988
- 2) March 1989 (partly)
- 3 > 9.3ha
- 4) Lawn space terraced embankments tidal basin, parking lots, refreshment / newsstand, emergency underground, water tanks, etc.
- 5) Yokohama city

63 Takashima etc. Suisaisen Park

- 1 > October 2010
- 2 May 2011 3 1.3ha 4) Lawn space, terraced embankments.
- tidal basin, etc.
- 5) Urban Renaissance Agency (independent administrative institution)



Kishamichi Promenade / Unga Park



Grand Mall Park

- Nippon-maru 23 Memorial Park
- 1 > 1984 2 > April 1985 (partly) 3 > 5.5ha
- 4 > Sail Training Ship Nippon-maru (length: 97m, width: 13m, draft: 8m) Former First Dock of Yokohama Dock Co., Ltd. Yokohama Port Museum, lawn space, shops, etc.
- 5) Yokohama city

(Legend)

- 00 City block Nos.
- 1) Year of starting work / operation
- 2) Open 3) Area 4) Facilities
- 5 > Developers

Wall greenery



Yokohama World Porters Minatomirai Center Building

Important Cultural Property Yokohama City Certified Historical Structure



Dockyard Garden



Sail Training Ship NIPPON MARU

Concentration of diverse functions through development of city blocks / Central District

18-20-22 PACIFICO Yokohama / PACIFICO Yokohama North

1) August 2017

2) April 2020

4>21.000m

5) 46 300m

PACIFICO Yokohama

- 1) December 1988 2) Conference Center: July 1991 (hotel: August, Exhibition Hall: October, National Convention Hall of Yokohama: April 1994)
- 4>51.000m 5>167.700m 6) National Convention Hall of Yokohama: 7 stories(1 basement)
- Exhibition Hall: 4 stories(2 basements) Conference Center: 7 stories(1 basement)
- Hotel: 31 stories(1 basement), 140m 7) National Convention Hall of Yokohama
- Large National Hall (seating up to 5,002), Marine Lobby, etc. Exhibition Hall: Exhibition Hall (pillar-free construction), Annex Hall restaurants. etc.
- Conference Center: Main Hall: 1,000 seats, conference rooms, restaurants, etc. Hotel: InterContinental Yokohama Grand(594 guest rooms), banquet halls, restaurants, etc.
- 8) Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism, Pacific Convention Plaza Yokohama Corp.

23 Yokohama Port Museum

1>1987 2>March 1989 Area> 7,200m 7)Museum,Yanagihara Art Museum, conference room (Training center), etc 8>Yokohama city



24 Queen's Square Yokohama

1>February 1994 2>July 1997(hotel: August 1997) 4>44,400m 5>496,000m 6)Structure Tower A: 36 stories(5 basements), 172m Tower B: 28 stories(5 basements), 138m Tower C: 21 stories(5 basements), 109m Hotel tower: 25 stories(5 basements), 105m 7) Towers A, B and C: Offices, pedestrian malls, galleries, commercia facilities(MINATOMIRAI TOKYU SQUARE) restaurants, Yokohama Minato Mirai Hall, etc. Hotel tower: Yokohama Bay Hotel Tokyu(480 guest rooms), restaurants, etc 8) Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Ltd. Mitsubishi Estate Co., Ltd., JGC HOLDINGS Corp., Yokohama city

Yokohama Minato Mirai Hall

1)February 1994 2) June 1998 (Small Hall: February 1998) 5>18.600m

6)7 stories(1 basement), 41m 7)Main Hall: 2,020 seats, Small Hall: 440 seats, etc. 8>Yokohama citv 9>Yokohama Arts Foundation



1>April 2002 2) March 2004 4>2,800m 5>30.000m 6>21 stories(2 basements), 105m 7)Offices, shops, galleries, etc. 8)FLUISOFT Inc

30 Bank of Yokohama Head Office Building

1>December 1990 2>September 1993 4 8 000 m 5 86 000 r 6) High-rise block: 28 stories (3 basements), 152m Low-rise block: 4 stories 7) High-rise block: offices, shops, etc. Low-rise block: Hamagin Hall Via Mare (517 seats), etc 8) The Bank of Yokohama, Ltd.

31 Minato Mirai 21 • Clean Center 1)April 1988 2>May 1991

MINATO

MIRAI

21

11

4>2,000m 5>6,700m 6)7 stories(1 basement), 40m 7)Office 8>Yokohama city





1)February 1993 2)January 1996 4>8.000m

5>Existing building: 34,500m Extension building: 900m 6)13 stories(3 basements), 60m 7)Clinic facilities(410 beds) restaurant, shops, etc 8>Kanagawa Keiyu Foundation



6) 6 stories(1 basement), 36m 7) Multi-Purpose hall, conference rooms, etc. 8) Yokohama city, YOKOHAMA GLOBAL MICE, Inc. 9) Pacific Convention Plaza Yokohama Corp.

Vokohama International Organizations Center [Organizations] **ITTO**

·IUC for Japanese Language Studies •WFP Japan Relations Office •FAO Liaison Office in Japan •YOKE •CITYNET Yokohama Project Office •IFAD Liaison Office in Japar •Y-PORT Center Office

25 The Landmark Tower Yokohama

1)March 1990 2)July 1993(hotel: September 1993) 4>38 000m

- 5>39<u>3,000</u>m 6) High-rise block: 70 stories (3 basements), 296m Low-rise block: 5 stories(7 stories in one section) and 4 basements
- 7>High-rise block: Offices, Yokohama Royal Park Hotel(603 guest rooms), observation lounge/Sky Garden, etc

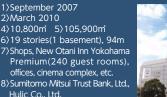
Low-rise block: Shops, Landmark Hall (510 seats) Dockvard Garden. etc.

- 8) Mitsubishi Estate Co., Ltd. Dockyard Garden Renovation initiated July 1990
- 2>July 1993 6)2 basements(depth: 10m, length: 100m, width: 14m) 7)Outdoor event space
- 8) Mitsubishi Estate Co., Ltd

26 CROSS GATE 1>April 1998

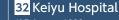
2)October 2000 4>3,300m 5>37,000m 6>25 stories(2 basements), 100m 7)Offices, shops, Yokohama Sakuragicho Washington Hotel (553 guest rooms), etc. 8) ORIX JREIT Inc.





30 Nisseki Yokohama Building 1>July 1994 2>July 1997 4>6,600m 5>75,000m 6) 30 stories(2 basements), 133m 7) Offices, shops, Nisseki Yokohama

Hall (400 seats), gas station, etc. 8) Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corp 9) ENEOS Real Estate Corporation







6>4 stories(2 basements), 20m 7>Police station, etc. 8>Kanagawa Prefectural Government

1)October 2015 4>7.000m

YOKOHAMA BAYCOURT CLUB HOTEL & SPA RESORT 20 THE KAHALA HOTEL & RESORT YOKOHAMA

1>September 2017 2>September 2020 4>9,500m 5>48,100m

RINKO PARK PROJECT(*)

1)March 2024

6>3 stories, 14m

4>1.500m

5>1.600m

7)Shops

64

66

67

TFAM

3)FY 2025 (planned)

8) RINKO PARK PROJECT

6) 14 stories (1 basement), 60m 7) YOKOHAMA BAYCOURT CLUB HOTEL & SPA RESORT(138 guest rooms *Members only), THE KAHALA HOTEL & RESORT YOKOHAMA (146 guest rooms) 8)Resorttrust, Inc.





27 Yokohama Sakuragi Post Office 1>April 1996

2>April 1997 4>1,100m 5>6.700m 6)7 stories 34m 7)Post office 8) Japan Post Co., 1td

29 Kenminkyosai Plaza Building

1>May 2002 2)March 2004 4>1.600m 5>16.000m 6>14 stories(2 basements), 70m

7>Offices, Kenmin Kyosai MIRAI HALL(300 seats), etc. 8>Kanagawa Kenminkyosai Consumer Cooperative

31 Minato Mirai 21 District Heating and Cooling Center Plant 1>December 1987 2>February 1989 4>3.900m 5>11.000m 6)6 stories(1 basement), 44m 7) Heat supply plant, offices. 8)Minato Mirai 21 District Heating and Cooling Co., Ltd.

32 Kanagawa Prefectural Police Minatomirai Koban 1>November 1998 2>March 2000



新新市市市

32 OCEAN GATE MINATO MIRAI

2)December 2017 5>55,500m² 6>15 stories, 82m 7) Offices, shops, nursery school, etc 8) Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Ltd

33 Minatomirai Center Building 1>September 2007 2>June 2010 4>10,100m 5>95.200m 6) 21 stories(2 basements). 100m 7) Offices, shops, etc 8>Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.

4>3,300m 5>29,100m

1>May 2011 2>June 2013 4>18 000m 5)116 000m 6)6 stories(4 basements), 37m 7)Shops. nurserv school. 8>Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and

37 Mitsubishi Juko Yokohama Building

1>April 1992 2>June 1994 4>10.000m 5>110.900m 6) 33 stories(2 basements), 152m 7) Offices, shops, Mitsubishi Minato Mirai Industrial Museum, etc. 8>Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation, Kenedix, Inc.

38 PIA ARENA MM

1>December 2017

6>4 stories(1 basement).

7) Arena(12,141 seats), etc

8>PIA Corporation

2>July 2020

4>12.000m

5>23,000m

33m



4>6,500m 5>53,000m 7)Offices, info-communications facilities, shops, etc 8)NTT Facilities Inc.

42 MM Grand Central Tower 1>January 2009 2) January 2012 4>13,000m

5>114.500m 6)26 stories(2 basements), 120m 7)Offices, shops, etc 8) Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Ltd.

The Apartment Bay YOKOHAMA 1>November 2019

guest rooms), The Apartment Bay YOKOHAMA(201 guest rooms), etc. That Last inte 8)Sekisui House, Ltd

46 Yokohama Blue Avenue 1>September 2007 2>December 2009 4>5,500m 5>52.000m 6)17 stories(2 basements). 85m 7)Offices, shops, etc 8) Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.

47 KT building

1>December 2017 2>March 2020 4\8700m 5\37000m 6>15 stories(1 basement), 81m 7)Koei Tecmo Games Co., Ltd. HQ, YOKOHAMA TOKYU REI HOTEL (234 guest rooms), hall[KT Zepp Yokohama](2,146 seats(standing) shops etc. 8) KOEI TECMO GAMES CO., LTD.

5>97.200m 6>14 stories, 65m 7)Offices, shops, etc CONSTRUCTION OF THE AREA

7) Offices, research and development laboratories Mulabol etc 8) Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd.



44 THE WESTIN YOKOHAMA



CASBE



- 2)September 2023 4>9,600m
- 5>2,700m 6>2 stories, 10m 7) Housing exhibition hall , Showroom

9)LTM Co. Ltd.



7) Offices, nursery school, etc. (The Anne

8)Shincron Co., Ltd.

(Legend) 00 00 City block Nos. * "O" marks indicated provisional facilities CASBEE Yokohama S rank 🚈 Evaluation of ZEB 📕 Under construction 📕 Planned 1> Start of work 2> Open 3> Complete 4) Site area 5) Floor space 6) Structure 7) Facilities 8) Developers 9) Operator (*) Provisional name

Central District



6) Two towers. 30 stories (1 basement), 100m

7)Condominiums(total units: 555),

shops, etc.

8)PD Minatomirai Special Purpose Co., Ltd. 8)Co-op Tokyo Jyutaku kyokyu Center, etc.

7) Condominiums (total units: 355), shops, etc.

8) Okada Building Inc. (Condominium seller

KINTETSU REAL ESTATE Co., Ltd.,

Mitsui Fudosan Residential Co., Ltd.)

6>29 stories(1 basement), 100m 7)Rental apartments(total units: 412) shops, etc 8)DH Kaihatsu Minatomirai Co., Ltd.

5>45.900m

6>29 stories(1 basement), 100m

Rental apartments(total units: 415), shops, etc.



blocks

Shinko District

68 Yokohama Shintoshi Building / Yokohama Sky

- Yokohama Sky
- 1)February 1994
- 2>September 1996 4)7.600m
- 5>102.000m

Shintoshi Hall(994 seats).

cultural facilities, bus terminal, etc.

8>Yokohama Shintoshi Center Inc.,

Yokohama Sky Building Co., Ltd.

- 6)30 stories(3 basements), 132m 7) Commercial facilities (Marui, etc.).
- offices. YCAT. etc. 8>Yokohama Sky Building Co., Ltd., Yokohama Shintoshi Center Inc.



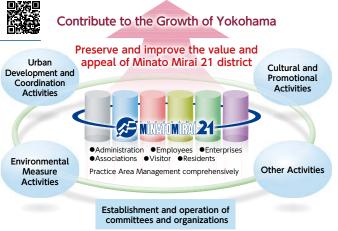


Minato Mirai 21 District Area Management

General Incorporated Association Yokohama Minato Mirai 21 (YMM) was established in April 2009 by local landowners. building owners, facilities managers, etc. to conduct area management activities for maintaining and enhancing the appeal and value of the entire locale.

(143 committee members, March 2024)

By consolidating a wide range of functionality in the shape of business and commercial facilities, urban housing, corporate R&D (research and development) facilities, and large-scale facilities for attracting customers, area management activities are generating vitality and prosperity. Activities are currently being advanced in four programs, and various entities will implement a diverse range of initiatives geared to ensure that Minato Mirai continues to be an attractive area into the future.



Urban Development and Coordination Activities

Initiatives are advanced to enhance Minato Mirai's safety, security, convenience, and comfort. Moreover, adjustments for realizing attractive urban development are being advanced to ensure that the area remains responsive to the changing times.

Administration of the Basic Agreement on Town **Development Under Minato Mirai 21**

In Central blocks, based on the Basic Agreement on Town Development Under Minato Mirai 21 (see page 7), stakeholders discuss and coordinate efforts and ideas geared to promoting initiatives for realizing a more attractive and balanced district. To flexibly respond to various needs arising in line with the changing times and realize urban development with an eye to the future, various standards, guidelines, etc. are compiled to supplement the Basic Agreement.



Minato Mirai 21 District Joint Emergency Response Drill

Promotion of countermeasures against earthquakes and other disasters

The Disaster Prevention Area Management Promotion Committee was created as an organization where regional businesses can cooperate together, with facilities within Minato Mirai 21 working together to protect and preserve each other and realize a district that is stronger and more reassured in the face of natural disasters. It has included such undertakings as enhancing the information communication network and promoting plans to help those unable to immediately return home after a disaster.

*Japanese text only

Urban Reconstruction Safety Establishment Plan

Based on the Act on Special Measures Concerning Urban Reconstruction, the Urban Reconstruction Safety Establishment Plan, which compiles the findings of the Disaster Prevention Area Management Promotion Committee, has been prepared. This provides a template for advancing initiatives that are geared toward securing the safety of district residents in the event of a disaster.



Public Spaces and Urban Design Initiatives

Public spaces in Minato Mirai 21 such as parks, green areas, common spaces, and activity floors, are used to operate open cafes, food trucks, etc. and various events and demonstrations geared to building community formation and bringing life and energy to the area.

Registration System for Temporary Stay Facilities for People Unable to Get Home

When the Great East Japan Earthquake occurred (March 11, 2011), many people were unable to get home. In light of this experience, businesses in Minato Mirai 21 are connecting and collaborating to create a unique system for registering temporary stay facilities for people who are unable to get home. (Registered facilities as of March 2024: 32)

Minato Mirai 21 Assistance Guide: How to Get Home in the Event of a Disaster

A guide has been created in four languages that explains the sequence of events from the occurrence of an earthquake to getting back home (and including a map of temporary stay facilities for people unable to return home), with the intention of keeping visitors and people working in Minato Mirai 21 from panicking in the case of an emergency.





Open cafe (MARK IS minatomirai) Food truck (Minatomirai Center Building)

Environmental Measure Activities

A diverse and wide range of activities, both hard and soft, are implemented to address various environmental issues including global warming, the formation of a recycling-oriented society, and biodiversity. Also, cutting-edge technologies are utilized in promoting initiatives for realizing a smart urban environment aimed at constructing the traffic environment and enhancing the quality of activities.

Carbon Neutral Initiatives

Minato Mirai was selected as a "Carbon Neutral Pilot District" by the Ministry of the Environment in April 2022. Making Minato Mirai an urban decarbonization model based on cooperation between the public and private sectors aims to achieve net zero CO2 emissions from electricity consumption in the consumer sector by 2030. To realize this target, various measures including the

introduction of renewable energy sources inside and outside of the area, and the promotion of energy management, and the reduction and utilization of wastes, are advanced in a joint effort with local businesses.



"Greenery and Flowers" Promotion Initiatives

In addition to a year-round "greenery and flowers" campaign in Sakuragicho Station Square, initiatives are conducted in collaboration with "Garden Necklace Yokohama", while tree nameplates are established and managed inside the district. Moreover, by planting more "greenery and flowers" in public spaces and common spaces that attract a lot of pedestrians, efforts are being made to add more color to Minato Mirai 21 district.

Promotion of a smart city

In 2019, Minato Mirai 21 was designated as a key business promotion project under the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport, and Tourism's Smart City Model Program. Efforts to realize a smart city are being implemented by striving for carbon neutrality and building a smart urban environment over the entire district.

Promotion of Rapid

for supporting the smart city.

Sightseeing spots in the prefecture, etc

Movement inside and outside the district ← Movement within the district \leftarrow

Establishment of 5G Network

Efforts are underway to promptly

establish a 5G network as the platform

Promotion of smart mobility

We have created the Smart Mobility Consideration Committee, formed of companies from within Minato Mirai 21 and those involved in transportation, and are involved in activities to improve the circulation of traffic inside the city and increase access to the surrounding areas.

Personal Mobility Demonstration Experiments

Demonstration experiments have been implemented to verify personal mobility sharing, etc. as a means of providing smooth mobility for people traveling over short distances.

Initiatives for Improving the Water Environment

As initiatives related to improving the water environment and biodiversity in water-access areas, aquatic biological research, water guality surveys, and the like are conducted in Kishamichi Promenade. Survey activities and conditions in the sea are introduced on a website. By collaborating with the water environment initiatives being conducted in Rinko Park, Takashima Suisaisen Park, etc., it is intended to deploy strategies over the entire district.





Biological observation survey Water quality, etc. measurements



Tree planting in Sakuragicho Station Square



Living in the future transport environment

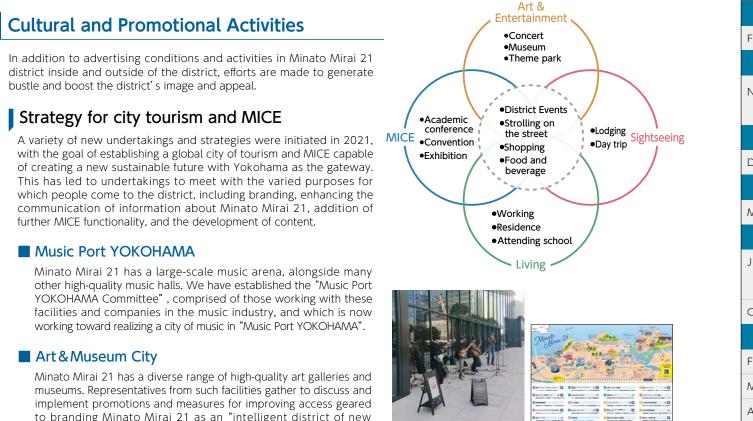


Electric scooter sharing service



Sightseeing tour

Promotion of Area Management



Music Port YOKOHAMA

Minato Mirai 21 has a large-scale music arena, alongside many other high-quality music halls. We have established the "Music Port YOKOHAMA Committee", comprised of those working with these facilities and companies in the music industry, and which is now working toward realizing a city of music in "Music Port YOKOHAMA".

Art & Museum City

Minato Mirai 21 has a diverse range of high-quality art galleries and museums. Representatives from such facilities gather to discuss and implement promotions and measures for improving access geared to branding Minato Mirai 21 as an "intelligent district of new 'knowledge' and 'insights'".

Music Port YOKOHAMA MINATO MIRAI STREET MUSIC

Art&Museum tour map

District Vitalization Activities

By promoting mutual exchanges between local stakeholders, efforts are made to create new networks and vitalize corporate activities in Minato Mirai 21. Also, we aim to enhance the local value and vitality by strengthening links between the district's numerous R&D facilities and thereby encouraging open innovation.

Promotion of open innovation

We are promoting a technological revolution in Minato Mirai 21, seeking to move beyond the boundaries between organizations and widely share cumulative knowledge and technology during the development of new technologies and products.

Innovation Creation by Yokohama Future Organization

The Yokohama Future Organization was established in 2021 as a collaboration between industry, academia, and government, seeking to bring innovation to Yokohama, with the participation of many companies from within the district. Its activities got underway in that same year. Through this organization, we are promoting a variety of activities for players from both inside and outside Minato Mirai 21.

YOXO FESTIVAL

By staging district-wide events that allow visitors to directly experience new technologies and services by companies, universities, etc., the entire community joins in promoting innovation and boosting recognition of Minato Mirai 21 as Yokohama's business area.





Automated driving demonstration experiment (MACNICA, Inc. automated driving vehicles)

YOXO FESTIVAL

History of Minato Mirai 21

• Start of work / comp

	1965
Feb.	City of Yokohama announces Redevelopment Plan, one of six major projects
	1978
Nov.	Planning and Investigatory Committee for the Overall Improvement of Yokohama Coastal City Center established. Chairman: Yoshinosuke Yasoshima
	1979
Dec.	Planning and Investigatory Committee reports its basic plan
	1980
Mar.	Decision made to relocate Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Ltd.'s Yokohama shipyard
	1981
July	Interim report on the Master Plan for the Overall Improvement of Yokohama Coastal City Center announced
	Project Promotion Committee headquarters established
Oct.	Project officially named Minato Mirai 21
	1983
Feb.	Urban plan including land readjustment adopted
Mar.	Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Ltd.'s Yokohama shipyard relocated
Aug.	Decision made to bring sailing ship Nippon-maru to Yokohama
Nov.	Transport Minister authorizes public water land reclamation
	Construction Minister authorizes land readjustment for 35.1 ha
	Work begins on Yokohama Minato Mirai 21 project
	1984
Feb.	Cornerstone-laying ceremony for Minato Mirai 21 land reclamation
Feb. July	Cornerstone-laying ceremony for Minato Mirai 21 land reclamation Yokohama Minato Mirai 21 Corporation established (dissolved March2009)
	Yokohama Minato Mirai 21 Corporation established (dissolved March2009)
July	Yokohama Minato Mirai 21 Corporation established (dissolved March2009) 1985
July	Yokohama Minato Mirai 21 Corporation established (dissolved March2009) 1985 Part of Nippon-maru Memorial Park opens
July Apr.	Yokohama Minato Mirai 21 Corporation established (dissolved March2009) 1985 Part of Nippon-maru Memorial Park opens Sailing ship Nippon-maru opens to public
July Apr.	Yokohama Minato Mirai 21 Corporation established (dissolved March2009) 1985 Part of Nippon-maru Memorial Park opens Sailing ship Nippon-maru opens to public Yokohama Shintoshi Building (SOGO YOKOHAMA) opens
July Apr. Sep.	Yokohama Minato Mirai 21 Corporation established (dissolved March2009) 1985 Part of Nippon-maru Memorial Park opens Sailing ship Nippon-maru opens to public Yokohama Shintoshi Building (SOGO YOKOHAMA) opens 1986
July Apr. Sep.	Yokohama Minato Mirai 21 Corporation established (dissolved March2009)1985Part of Nippon-maru Memorial Park opensSailing ship Nippon-maru opens to publicYokohama Shintoshi Building (SOGO YOKOHAMA) opens1986Minato Mirai 21 District Heating and Cooling Co., Ltd. Established
July Apr. Sep. Oct.	Yokohama Minato Mirai 21 Corporation established (dissolved March2009)1985Part of Nippon-maru Memorial Park opensSailing ship Nippon-maru opens to publicYokohama Shintoshi Building (SOGO YOKOHAMA) opens1986Minato Mirai 21 District Heating and Cooling Co., Ltd. Established1987
Apr. Sep. Oct. June	 Yokohama Minato Mirai 21 Corporation established (dissolved March2009) 1985 Part of Nippon-maru Memorial Park opens Sailing ship Nippon-maru opens to public Yokohama Shintoshi Building (SOGO YOKOHAMA) opens 1986 Minato Mirai 21 District Heating and Cooling Co., Ltd. Established 1987 Pacific Convention Plaza Yokohama Corporation established
Apr. Sep. Oct. June	 Yokohama Minato Mirai 21 Corporation established (dissolved March2009) 1985 Part of Nippon-maru Memorial Park opens Sailing ship Nippon-maru opens to public Yokohama Shintoshi Building (SOGO YOKOHAMA) opens 1986 Minato Mirai 21 District Heating and Cooling Co., Ltd. Established 1987 Pacific Convention Plaza Yokohama Corporation established Completion of reclamation in Central District Construction Zone No.1 (43 ha) authorized
Apr. Sep. Oct. June Aug.	Yokohama Minato Mirai 21 Corporation established (dissolved March2009) 1985 Part of Nippon-maru Memorial Park opens Sailing ship Nippon-maru opens to public Yokohama Shintoshi Building (SOGO YOKOHAMA) opens 1986 Minato Mirai 21 District Heating and Cooling Co., Ltd. Established 1987 Pacific Convention Plaza Yokohama Corporation established Completion of reclamation in Central District Construction Zone No.1 (43 ha) authorized 1988 Part of land specified under Minato Mirai 21 Central District
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mpleti	on / opening of facilities etc. \bullet Major events \bullet (*)Provisional name
Mar.	Yokohama Exotic Showcase (YES '89) held (through October)
	Yokohama Maritime Museum (now Yokohama Port Museum) opens
	Part of Rinko Park opens
	Bijutsunohiroba (Art Square) opens
	Yokohama Minatomirai Railway Company established
May	Decision made to use 'Winato Mirai' for all street and home addresses in Minato Mirai 21 Central District
Oct.	Urban plan for Minato Mirai 21 Central District adopted
Nov.	Yokohama Museum of Art opens (work initiated:1985)
	1990
Apr.	Yokohama Minatomirai Railway Company licensed to operate Minatomirai Line
	1991
July	PACIFICO Yokohama (Pacific Convention Plaza Yokohama) opens
Aug.	Inter Continental Yokohama Grand opens
	International Tropical Timber Organization (ITTO) locates its headquarters in PACIFICO Yokohama
Oct.	PACIFICO Yokohama Exhibition Hall opens
Nov.	Minato Mirai Pukari-sanbashi Pier completed
	World Teleport Association's 7th general meeting (Teleport Yokohama '91) held
	1992
Feb.	The Regional Network of Local Authorities for the Management of Human Settlement (now CITYNET Yokohama Project Office) (CITYNET)'s offices open in PACIFICO Yokohama's Yokohama International Organizations Center
May	Metropolitan Expressway's Minatomirai Ramp opens for both directions
	1993
Feb.	National government approves Yokohama Business Core City Basic Concept
June	Cable City Yokohama established (dissolved March 2015)
July	The Landmark Tower Yokohama opens
	Minato Mirai-odori 1go Footbridge opens
Sep.	The Bank of Yokohama Head Office Building opens
	Yokohama Royal Park Hotel Nikko (now Yokohama Royal Park Hotel) opens
	1994
Apr.	Kokusai-bashi Bridge (Kokusai-odori Boulevard) opens
	National Convention Hall of Yokohama opens
June	Mitsubishi Juko Yokohama Building opens
Dec.	Bay Shore Route of Metropolitan Expressway opens between Haneda and Yokohama Bay Bridge
	1995
Apr.	Yokohama Marine Disaster Prevention Complex completed
	Reclamation in Shinko District (Ichimonji) authorized (license obtained in 1988)
Aug.	Minato Mirai 21 District holds first joint disaster-preparedness drill
	1996
Jan.	Keiyu Hospital opens
Sep.	Yokohama Sky opens

History of Minato Mirai 21

	1997	Mar.	FUJISOFT ABC Building (now FUJISOFT Building) opens
Apr.	City plan for Shinko District adopted		Kenminkyosai Plaza Building opens
	Yokohama Sakuragi Post Office opens	Apr.	Ordinance Concerning Special Assistance Offered to Businesses in Districts
June	Minato Mirai 21 District Heating and Cooling Plant 2 completed		Specially Designated for Corporate Business Investment in the City of Yokohama (ordinance for encouraging companies to set up business in the area) takes effect
July	Queen's Square Yokohama opens		Leaf Minatomirai opens
	Nisseki Yokohama Building opens	Sep.	Minato Mirai Business Square opens
	Whole of Minato Mirai-odori Boulevard opens, including temporary two lane zone		2005
	Kishamichi Promenade opens	June	Yokohama Minatomirai Manyo Club opens
Aug.	The Pan Pacific Hotel Yokohama (now Yokohama Bay Hotel Tokyu) opens		Shinko Central Park opens
	1998	Nov.	25th National Convention for the Development of an Abundantly Productive Sea held
Mar.	Completion of reclamation in Shinko District (between breakwaters) authorized (license obtained in 1996)		2006
June	Yokohama Minato Mirai Hall opens (Small Hall opens in February)	June	Land readjustment replotting announced
	1999		2007
Mar.	Yokohama Cosmo World officially opens	Feb.	Keihin Port Office, Kanto Regional Development Bureau, Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism completed
May	Yokohama Media Tower opens. (Telecommunications Towers opens in October)	June	M. M. MID SQUARE completed
Sep.	Shinko District opens		Takashima-Chuo Park opens
	Yokohama World Porters opens	-	Brillia Grande Minatomirai completed
	Unga Park opens		MM Park Building opens
	Part of Aka-Renga Park opens		2008
Oct.	Yokohama International Seamen's Center "Navios Yokohama" opens	Feb.	M. M. TOWERS FORESIS completed
Nov.	Grand Mall Park opens	Apr.	Implementation of Minato Mirai 21 Central District Landscape Plan
Dec.	Shinko Circle Walk opens		and Urban Landscape Conference Zone
	2000		The Fourth Tokyo International Conference on African Development (TICAD IV) held
Mar.	Kanagawa Prefectural Police Minatomirai Koban opens		Pacific Royal Court Minatomirai completed
Oct.	Cross Gate opens		Takashima 2-chome Pedestrian Bridge opens
	Yokohama Sakuragicho Washington Hotel opens		Shincron Head Office opens
	2001	Dec.	Minato Mirai-hashi Bridge (Kokusai-odori Boulevard) opens
Apr.	Shinko Park (now CUPNOODLES MUSEUM PARK) opens		2009
July	PACIFICO Yokohama's exhibition halls expanded		General Incorporated Association Yokohama Minato Mirai 21 re-established
Sep.	The First Yokohama Triennale held.	Apr.	Nippon-maru Memorial Park reopens
	2002		EXPO Y150:150th Anniversary of Opening of the Port of Yokohama held (through September)
Mar.	Yamashita Rinko Line Promenade opens		Zou-no-hana Park opens
	Pedestrian Square in front of Sakuragicho Station completed	July	Umi-Festa Yokohama held
Apr.	Yokohama Aka-Renga Soko and Aka-Renga Park open		Hamamirai Walk opens
May	Yokohama hosts 2002 FIFA World Cup (International Media Center established)		Water Promenade opens
Dec.	JICA Yokohama opens	Aug.	
	2003	Dec.	Yokohama Blue Avenue opens
Sep.	Modification of land readjustment plan authorized (expanded to 101.8ha)		2010
Oct.	M. M. TOWERS completed	Jan.	Implementation of Minato Mirai 21 Shinko District Landscape Plan and Urban Landscape Conference Zone
	2004	Mar.	TOC Minatomirai (now HULIC Minatomirai) opens
Feb.	Minatomirai Line opens		New Otani Inn Yokohama opens (now New Otani Inn Yokohama Premium)
Mar.	Pier Aka-Renga opens		Minatomirai-hodokyo Footbridge opens

Apr.	FUJI XEROX R&D SQUARE (now FUJIFILM Business Innovation Japan Corp.) opens	Aug.	The Seventh Tokyo International Conference on African Development (TICAD7) he
June	Minatomirai Center Building opens	Sep.	Keikyu Group Headquarters opens
Nov.	Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation Japan 2010 held		Holding of the 2019 Rugby World Cup (placement of fan zone)
	2011	Oct.	SHINKO PIER CRUISE TERMINAL (YOKOHAMA HAMMERHEAD) open
Mar.	Land readjustment completed		InterContinental Yokohama Pier 8 opens
May	Takashima Suisaisen Park opens		2020
Sep.	Cupnoodles Museum (now CUPNOODLES MUSEUM YOKOHAMA) opens	Mar.	KT building opens
Dec.	Designated Future City and Comprehensive Special Zone for International Competitiveness Development	Apr.	YOKOHAMA TOKYU REI HOTEL opens
	2012		YOKOHAMA GRANGATE opens
Jan.	Designated Urban Renaissance Urgent Redevelopment Area		King Mall-kyo Bridge opens
	MM Grand Central Tower opens		PACIFICO Yokohama North opens
Mar.	YOKOHAMA MITSUI BUILDING opens	June	Sakuramirai-hashi Bridge opens
	Minato Mirai 21 Area Management Charter enacted	July	PIA ARENA MM opens
	2013	Aug.	Hammerhead Park opens
Mar.	Minato Mirai Tunnel opens	Sep.	YOKOHAWA BAYCOURT CLUB HOTEL & SPA RESORT • THE KAHALA HOTEL & RESORT YOKOHAWA ope
June	The Fifth Tokyo International Conference on African Development (TICAD V) held	Dec.	Murata Manufacturing Minato MIRAI Innovation Center opens
	MARK IS Minatomirai opens		Megami-bashi Bridge opens
Aug.	Audi Minato Mirai opens		2021
Nov.	THE GRAND ORIENTAL MINATOMIRAI opens	Apr.	Kanagawa University Minato Mirai Campus opens
	2014		Metropolitan Expressway Co., Ltd. Kanagawa Bureau opens
Feb.	ANNIVERSAIRE MINATOMIRAI YOKOHAMA opens		YOKOHAMA AIR CABIN opens
Mar.	The 38th Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) held	Aug.	DREAM DOOR YOKOHAMA HAMMERHEAD opens
Apr.	PRYME GALLERY MINATOMIRAI opens	Dec.	the square hotel Yokohama Minatomirai opens
May	YOKOHAMA i-MARK PLACE opens		2022
Oct.	Shincron Head Office / The Annex opens	Mar.	LG YOKOHAMA INNOVATION CENTER opens
	2015		Yokohama Gate Tower opens
Apr.	Global Learning Center opens	Apr.	Designated Decarbonization Leading Area
	2016	June	THE WESTIN YOKOHAMA, The Apartment Bay YOKOHAMA ope
Mar.	MARINE & WALK YOKOHAMA opens		Yokohama Port Museum reopens
Aug.	Minato Mirai Academy Building opens	Dec.	Yokohama Aka-Renga Soko reopens
Sep.	OK Minatomirai Building opens		2023
	2017	Jan.	Minato Mirai-odori 2go Footbridge opens
Feb.	BRANZ TOWER Minatomirai completed	Apr.	Yokohama Connect Square opens
Mar.	BLUE HARBOR TOWER Minatomirai completed	May	Mitsui Garden Hotel YOKOHAMA MINATOMIRAI Premier opens
	33rd National Urban Greenery Fair Yokohama held		Yokohama Shinkō Government Office Building opens
May	The 50th Asian Development Bank (ADB) Annual Meeting held	Sep.	Music Terrace(K-Arena Yokohama+Hilton Yokohama+K-Tower Yokohama) open
June	Yokohama Nomura Building opens		LIVINGTOWN Minato Mirai opens
	PRYME COAST MINATOMIRAI opens		2024
Dec.	OCEAN GATE MINATO MIRAI opens	Feb.	Work begins on MinatoMirai21 Central District Block 52 Development Project
	2019	Mar.	YOKOHAMA SYMPHOSTAGE completed
Apr.	Shiseido Global Innovation Center (S/PARK) opens		Work begins on RINKO PARK PROJECT(*)
July	Yokohama Anpanman Children's Museum opens		Hammerhead Walk opens

MINATO MIRAI 21 Information

Development Map



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